



**OZONE RESISTANCE CHART**

**Ratings: A = No effect, B = Minor effect, C = Moderate effect, D = Severe effect**

<b><u>Plastics</u></b>	<b><u>Rating</u></b>	<b><u>Comments</u></b>
ABS	B	
Acetal (Delrin®)	C	
CPVC	A	
Epoxy	B	
Hytrel	C	
Polyethylene, High Density (HDPE)	B	
Polyethylene, Low Density (LDPE)	C	
Nylon	D	
Polycarbonate (Lexan®)	A	
Polypropylene	B	
Polysulfone	A	
PVC, flexible	B	Trial recommended (many grades). Clear turns yellow.
PVC, Rigid	A	OK at room temperature.
Kynar® (PFDF)	A	
Teflon® (PTFE)	A	
Tygon®	B	Turns yellow.
<b><u>Elastomers</u></b>		
Buna-N (Nitrile)	D	Widely used in plumbing fixtures.
EPDM	A	
Hypalon®	A	
Natural Rubber	D	
Neoprene	C	
Norprene®	A	Recommended as flexible tubing for low ppm.
PCTFE	A	
Santoprene®	D	
Silicone	A	Offgases. Should not be used near sensors.
Viton®A	A	
<b><u>Metals</u></b>		
Aluminum	D	
Brass	C	Bad chemical reaction.
Bronze	B	
Chrome Plating	A	
Copper	C	
Hastelloy®-C	A	
Iron and general steels	D	
Nickel Plating	C	Decomposes in the presence of water
Stainless steel 304	B	
Stainless steel 316	A	
Titanium	A	

Source: Cole-Parmer catalog, Harrington catalog, Ozone Science & Engineering and other sources. Ratings and comments are believed to be accurate, but have not been confirmed in our laboratory. You should try samples of material in ozone in your typical application to confirm suitability.